

Replenit Transfer Impact Assessment

Last Updated: 28.11.2025

1. Executive Summary

This assessment evaluates the risk associated with transferring personal data to the United States in light of the *Schrems II* ruling (CJEU Case C-311/18). The Data Exporter (Replenit) utilizes a hybrid compliance strategy:

- 1. **DPF Adequacy:** The majority of our sub-processors (Google, Microsoft, Databricks, New Relic) are active participants in the **EU-U.S. Data Privacy Framework (DPF)**.
- 2. SCCs + Supplementary Measures: For any remaining vendors not covered by the DPF, we rely on Standard Contractual Clauses (Module 3) paired with technical safeguards (encryption).

2. Category A: Vendors with Adequacy Decision (DPF)

The following sub-processors are active participants in the **EU-U.S. Data Privacy Framework (DPF)**. On July 10, 2023, the European Commission adopted an adequacy decision concluding that US organizations participating in the DPF provide a level of data protection essentially equivalent to the EU.

Risk Conclusion: Transfer is permitted without further supplementary measures (Art. 45 GDPR).

Sub-processor	Transfer Mechanism	Verification Status (as of Nov 2025)
Databricks Inc.	Adequacy Decision (DPF)	Active (Covered by DPF Adequacy)
Google LLC	Adequacy Decision (DPF)	Active (Covered by DPF Adequacy)
Microsoft Corp.	Adequacy Decision (DPF)	Active (Covered by DPF Adequacy)
New Relic Inc.	Adequacy Decision (DPF)	Active (Covered by DPF Adequacy)
Github Inc	Adequacy Decision (DPF)	Active (Covered by DPF Adequacy)

(Note: Although these vendors utilize the DPF, our contracts with them also incorporate Standard Contractual Clauses (SCCs) as a redundancy measure.)

3. Category B: Vendors Relying on SCCs or Intra-EEA Transfers

This section covers vendors who may not be DPF certified or are domiciled within the EU.

Sub-processor	Entity Location	Transfer Mechanism



Soda Software	Belgium (Soda Data NV)	Intra-EEA Transfer (No TIA Required).*
Metabase	United States	SCCs (Module 3) + Technical Safeguards.

^{*}Note on Soda: If our contract is with Soda Data NV (Belgium), this is an intra-EU transfer and does not require a TIA.

3.1. Risk Assessment for Non-DPF Transfers (e.g., Metabase Cloud)

For vendors in this category, we assessed the risk of US legislation (FISA 702) impacting the data:

- Legal Risk: Medium. The vendor may be subject to US surveillance laws.
- Technical Safeguards:
 - Encryption: Data is encrypted in transit (TLS 1.2+) and at rest (AES-256).
 - **Data Minimization:** We strictly limit the personal data categories sent to these analytics tools (focusing on metadata rather than raw PII where possible).
- Contractual Safeguards:
 - Execution of Standard Contractual Clauses (Module 3).
 - Vendor commitment to challenge overbroad government access requests.

4. Final Conclusion

The Data Exporter (Replenit) concludes that:

- 1. The bulk of data processing occurs with **DPF-certified vendors** (Databricks, Google, Microsoft), which enjoy a presumption of adequacy under EU law.
- 2. For remaining transfers, the combination of **SCCs and strong encryption** ensures that the level of protection guaranteed by the GDPR is not undermined.